



**BIOACTIVITY AND CHEMICAL PROFILE OF THE OPTIMIZED EXTRACT OF  
EUGENIA STIPITATA FRUITS**

**Dayenne Alexsa A. de Souza<sup>1\*</sup>**, Camila Fernanda B. Albuquerque<sup>1</sup>, Eldrinei Gomes Peres<sup>2</sup>,  
Hector Henrique F. Koolen<sup>2</sup>, Pablo Luis B. Figueiredo<sup>3</sup>, Renan Campos Chisté<sup>4</sup>, Joyce  
Kelly R. da Silva<sup>1</sup>

dayenne@ufpa.br

1-LABITPNA, Laboratório de Bioprospecção e Inovação Tecnológica de Produtos Naturais da Amazônia, ICB, UFPA, R. Augusto Corrêa, 01, Belém, PA, Brazil. 2-CMABIO, Escola Superior de Ciências da Saúde, Universidade do Estado do Amazonas, Av. Carvalho Leal 1777, 69065-001 Manaus-AM, Brazil; 3-Laboratório de Química Dos Produtos Naturais, UEPA, Belém, PA, 66087-670, Brazil. 4- Faculdade de Farmácia, UFMG, Belo Horizonte, MG, 31270-901, Brazil.

The araçá-boi (*Eugenia stipitata* McVaugh - Myrtaceae) is a fruit species native to the Amazon and cultivated in some countries such as Brazil, Peru, Bolivia, Ecuador, and Colombia, which has great agro-industrial importance. Considering the growing search for bioactives from plant sources, this work proposed to optimize ultrasound-assisted extraction and evaluate the chemical profile and bioactivity of araçá-boi fruits. The experimental design was applied using a 2<sup>3</sup>-factorial design to construct a mathematical model and response surface. The input factors were ethanol (%) in water, solid/liquid ratio - SLR (m/v), and time (min), and the responses: total phenolics content (TPC) and antioxidant activity by DPPH radical inhibition (%DPPH). The SRL factor showed a significant effect for TPC and DPPH ( $p < 0.05$ ), and a correction was observed between TPC and antioxidant activity (Person's  $R = 0.843$ ,  $p < 0.001$ ). The regression model was significant and predictive for both responses by the ANOVA F test ( $p < 0.05$ ). The optimized parameters were EtOH 65%, solid/liquid ratio 1:5 and time of 25 min, resulting in 196.53 mg EAG/g of TPC and 86.03% DPPH inhibition. For the optimized extract, the total contents of flavonoids (131.20 mg EQ/g) and carotenoids (66.84  $\mu$ g/g) were determined. In addition, the extract displayed inhibition of lipid peroxidation in the system  $\beta$ -carotene/ linoleic acid (IC<sub>50</sub>, 19.16  $\mu$ g/mL), Sun protection factor (7.0) and bacteriostatic effects against *Escherichia coli* (MIC, 62.5  $\mu$ g/mL) and *Staphylococcus aureus* (MIC, 125  $\mu$ g/mL). In annotation of the compounds present in the fruit of *E. stipitata* by HPLC-DAD-MS/MS, only the data obtained in negative mode were used, indicating that the majority was ellagic acid and the presence of its derivatives (ellagic acid glucoside, methylellagic acid, ellagic acid-rhamnoside, methylellagic acid rhamnoside) and other compounds (valoneic acid dilactone, trihydroxycinnamic acid-O-glucoside).

**Keywords:** bioactive, extract, process optimization, phenolic compounds, antioxidant activity, ellagic acid, antimicrobial activity

